

BRITAIN STOPS BATTLESHIP BUILDING

To-Night's Weather—UNSETTLED; PROBABLY RAIN

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COMMISSIONER LEO QUILTS HYLAN CABINET

MARINE ON JOB; SHOOS TWO TAXIS FROM MAIL TRUCK

Attempts to "Box" Postoffice Wagon Foiled When Guard Promised to Shoot.

FIRST TIME IN ACTION.

Suspicious Aroused by Drivers' Antics Few Blocks From Scene of \$2,000,000 Holdup.

A heavy motor truck containing a large quantity of valuable registered mail set out from the Post Office at City Hall shortly after midnight, bound for the general office at 32d Street and Eighth Avenue. There were two armed marines aboard, one sitting outside with the chauffeur, the other inside with the mail pouches.

As the truck approached Howard Street, a few blocks from the scene of the \$2,000,000 hold-up, two taxicabs ran up from behind, separated and then came abreast of it, one on each side of the mail truck. At first they remained some distance away, but kept pace and then began gradually edging in toward the truck as if to pocket it.

The chauffeur and the marine beside him were quick to note the maneuver, or whatever it was, and the former slowed down his vehicle. The two taxis did likewise and the marine on the front seat arose and with his rifle ready cried out to the taxi drivers:

"Say, you two, pull away, or I'll blow you apart!"

The warning sufficed and the drivers of the taxicabs put on speed and darted up Broadway. Then the truck chauffeur resumed his own speed and the marine lowered his gun and sat down.

Up ahead the taxi could still be seen, their two red tail lights running side by side. They were off to the right of the roadway, directly in the path of the oncoming truck.

At Spring Street, three blocks north, they separated again, slowing down and forcing the mail truck to pass between them. A second time they ran alongside and again closed in on the truck.

The front seat marine was on his feet in an instant. He raised his rifle and called out:

"This is the last time I warn you two; get out and get out quick or I'll fire! Beat it! Do you hear?"

There was evidently no misunderstanding of the threat and the tone of it. The two taxicabs instantly checked speed, one turned eastward and the other westward through Spring Street and that was the last seen of them. The mail truck went on to its destination without further adventure.

A report of this occurrence was made to the Chief Post Office Inspector at the City Hall station and also to Major Thomas Barber, the officer in command of the marine guard detailed to the protection of mail.

THEY STEAL YOUR GOLD TEETH NOW IN EUROPE! SURE!

Take It From the Lancet, They Do—Wouldn't Think of Doing It Here!

LONDON, Nov. 18. A young man who recently opened a cut-rate dental surgery in Temesvar, Hungary, has been arrested charged with extracting gold weighing more than a pound from his patients' teeth, says the Lancet, English medical journal.

MEDICINAL BEER IS BANNED BY SENATE; VOTE IS 56 TO 22; BILL NOW GOES TO HARDING

Prevents Importation of All Liquors Till Present Supply Is Smaller.

SURVIVES HARD FIGHT.

Seizure Without Warrant Clause Created a Storm and Finally Was Killed.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16. — Congressional action on legislation to prohibit the prescription of beer and other malt liquors for medicinal purposes was completed to-day through adoption by the Senate, 56 to 22, of the conference report. The legislation, which would also put additional "teeth" in the Nation's Prohibition enforcement code, now goes to the President, the House having acted last August.

Twelve Republicans and ten Democrats voted against the conference report. The Republican opponents were Senators Brandegee, Dupont, Edge, Johnson, La Follette, Lodge, McLean, Penrose, Phipps, Shortridge, Wadsworth and Weller. The Democrats were Senators Broussard, Gerry, King, McPherson, Randall, Shields, Stanley, Underwood, Walsh of Massachusetts and Watson of Georgia.

Two others, Senators Reed, Democrat, Missouri, and Moses, Republican, New Hampshire, were paired against the bill.

Thirty-three Republicans and twenty-three Democrats supported the measure, while it was announced that Senators Harrell, Republican, Oklahoma; Kellogg, Republican, Minnesota; Lenroot, Republican, Wisconsin; McCormick, Republican, Illinois; Sutherland, Republican, West Virginia, and Fletcher, Democrat, Florida, who were absent and paired, favored the bill.

When the President signs the bill, the Treasury Department will withdraw regulations which have been in effect about a month, allowing the sale of medicinal beer.

High points of the measure are: Prohibition of prescription of beer as medicine.

Homes shall not be searched without search warrants. Dry agents, who without "probable cause" and "maliciously" search homes without warrants, subject to \$10,000 fine and one year in penitentiary for second offense.

Limits prescription of wine or whiskey to one-half pint of alcohol in the aggregate in ten days.

Physicians limited to 100 prescriptions for liquor in 90 days.

Gives Commissioner of Internal Revenue right to cancel permits or require change in formulae for patent medicines when used as a beverage.

Importations of wine and whiskey prohibited until amount on hand shall not be sufficient to supply non-beverage needs.

The legislation has been before Congress since last June. The House accepted the compromise reached by the conference in August, but there followed a bitter controversy in the Senate waged by a small, but determined group, who contended that the bill struck a fatal blow to personal rights because it permitted search and seizure without warrants. The first draft of the measure authorized the search of private homes without warrants, but this feature was eliminated in conference.

ADVERTISEMENTS
for the
Sunday World Classified Section
Should be in
The World Office To-Day

LEO RESIGNS JOB AS THE BOSS OF STREET CLEANING

Resigned, He Says, Because of Defamatory Statements Made to Hyman.

NO CHANCE TO REPLY.

Resents Action of Mayor in Turning Scow Charges Over to Hirschfeld.

John P. Leo, Commissioner of Street Cleaning, sent a letter of resignation to Mayor Hyman last night. The resignation was accepted this morning and Alfred A. Taylor, General Superintendent of the Department, was made Acting Commissioner.

In his letter to the Mayor Commissioner Leo said:

"It is with sincere regret that I feel called upon to send you this communication."

"I was informed yesterday afternoon that some blackguard had made a statement to you, which, if true, would indicate that in hiring scows for service in this department I had ignored the city's interest for the advantage of the lesser of the scows. Further, that without being given a chance by you to make any statement in regard to the matter, you had sent the memorandum to the Commissioner of Accounts with directions to investigate, which results in placing me in a very humiliating position, in that apparently I am an object of suspicion not only before the underlings of the Commissioner of Accounts' office but also to the employees of this department."

STRONGLY RESENTS COURSE TAKEN BY MAYOR.

"I realize that it was your full privilege to follow this course, but I strongly resent it. My faithful service of nearly four years justifies my claim that I should have been the first to have been called upon to explain."

"I shall ask my personal attorney to advise with the District Attorney in order to obtain either the indictment of the Street Cleaning Commissioner for official misconduct or an indictment for criminal libel against his traducers."

"When at your urgent request I came up here in January last I found that owing to the long continued illness of my predecessor, and the grossly incompetent management by the office deputy as Acting Commissioner, together with the manhandling of the Brooklyn office by the then incumbent as deputy, and which later developed such an exhibition of moral turpitude as to compel his practical removal, together

(Continued on Eighteenth Page.)

AVERAGE MAN GETS TO 5TH GRADE ONLY

But in New York Any Man May Carry on Until He Gets a College Degree.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 18.—The biggest problem confronting universities of America is how to give every man who lives in a city of 100,000 or over an opportunity to get a college education, according to Frederick B. Robinson of New York, Secretary of the Association of Urban Universities, which is in annual conference here.

A survey of the association shows, Mr. Robinson said, that the average man in the United States ends his schooling in the fifth grade.

"The City of New York has made it possible through night college classes to take up their education no matter where dropped and continue it until they have obtained academic and professional degrees," he said.

The first business session of the conference was held to-day. Dr. Albert Shields of the Teachers College of Columbia University delivered an address.

HEAD OF CITY'S STREET CLEANING DEPARTMENT QUILTS



\$15,000 FOR HOOD; PRESTO, IT TURNS INTO PLAIN WATER

And Ex-Cop McLaughlin Took Precautions to Prevent Flimflam, at That.

If any one had taken James McLaughlin of No. 2607 Park Avenue aside a few days ago and explained to him that he was about to be trimmed of \$15,000 through being sold water for whiskey McLaughlin would have told the person he, McLaughlin, was a wise bird and able to take care of himself. He was once a cop, too. So that's that.

The persons with the whiskey for sale led McLaughlin to a Bronx warehouse where there were guards and extra locks and iron bars. McLaughlin had a truck along and helpers. All was set to get the booze moving if it was O. K.

The men who were selling handed Mac a small brace and bit and told him to bore into any of the barrels he saw. Hot! It was no matter which one he picked or where he bored. He bored into twenty-two of them and took a wee sample from each, just enough to rub in his hands, taste the bouquet and taste it. There was joy in every whiff.

Then he said \$15,000 in cash money, as they say in Brownsville. His men rolled the barrels out and put them on a truck. When Mac got it where he wanted it, proud of his bargain, he tapped a barrel. Lo! and behold! it was water—just bathroom water.

The transformation was explained to Mac by Detectives Brady and Dowd, who told him there was no miracle—just a bit of flimflam. It was this way:

When McLaughlin bored into a barrel one of those present removed the brace bit and inserted a small rubber tube, just a little piece. Then with the tube in his hand the barrel was tilted or turned. At the same time he had a rubber water bottle, with a tube that came down its end sleeve. He poured the drink from this contrivance and shut off the water. A copper gallon measure, with his hand inside, was a great screen.

Then the barrel was plotted up ready to be moved.

Last night the police arrested Ralph Bated and his brother Theodore A. in their apartment, No. 814 West 157th Street. They, the detectives may, own the "bathroom" where Mac was stung. In the apartment were found labels for any brand of whiskey needed, "bottled in bond" stamps, guarantee and custom labels and a machine for marking corks and capping them.

825 Men's Overalls or Suit, \$14.95. The RUB CLOTHING CO., 814 W. 157th St., New York, N. Y. Tel. 2-1234. Also Young Men's Winter Suits and Overalls in the women's sizes of 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100. Also children's suits and overalls in the boys' sizes of 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100. Also children's shoes and socks in the boys' sizes of 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100. Also children's hats and coats in the boys' sizes of 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100. Also children's underwear and hosiery in the boys' sizes of 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100. Also children's shoes and socks in the girls' sizes of 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100. Also children's hats and coats in the girls' sizes of 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100. Also children's underwear and hosiery in the girls' sizes of 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100.

U. S. WILL NOT FOLLOW BRITISH NAVAL HALT

NO BARGAINING BY U. S. TO GAIN ANY FAR EAST POINT

Hughes Trying to Disabuse Foreign Delegations' Minds of That Idea.

WANTS MUTUAL TRUST.

English Tactics Far From Being Revealed, Open as They Appear to Be.

By David Lawrence.
(Special Correspondent of The Evening World.)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18 (Copyright, 1921).—The grand strategy, so to speak, of the United States delegation at the Armament Conference is puzzling the representatives of the other countries. This is mostly because they do not understand Hughes the negotiator.

The various delegations came here with the idea that the United States would not consent to the reduction of her navy without first having a definite understanding of what was to be done about abrogating the Anglo-Japanese alliance and the settlement of Far Eastern questions. This inference was drawn from the language of the original invitation to the powers. When, however, Mr. Hughes made his famous speech at the opening session of the conference, some foreign delegates thought they detected a change of front, for Mr. Hughes said plainly that he believed the work of the conference could be so distributed among committees "without either subject being treated as a hindrance to the proper consideration and disposition of the other."

On that word "disposition" is based the confident statements which have been coming from Washington the last few days that as soon as an agreement on naval armament is secured it would be signed without respect to whether a definite agreement should be reached on Far Eastern questions.

Those who have talked with Mr. Hughes in the last twenty-four hours have not found him inclined to discourage that view. He seems to be of the opinion that it is much wiser for the whole conference to look at the two subjects as separate or else there will be mental reservations in the consideration of one subject which might interfere seriously with the conclusion of an agreement on the other subject.

Mr. Hughes appears to emphasize rather the need of mutual trust and an atmosphere of friendliness so that no delegation will suspect the United States, at least, of trying to bargain.

(Continued on Second Page.)

ELECTION EXPENSE LISTS BY SENATORS ARE NOT REQUIRED

Candidates May Spend Any Amount They Desire Under Daugherty Ruling.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—The Supreme Court decision in the case of Senator Newberry, Michigan, makes it unnecessary for a candidate for the United States Senate to file any expense statement whatever in connection with either his nomination or election, Attorney General Daugherty ruled to-day in an informal opinion to Representative Luce, Massachusetts, of the Sub-Committee on Elections.

Under the ruling candidates for the Senate are given a free rein to spend as much money as they please without accounting so long as they remain within other requirements of the Corrupt Practices Act.

Denby Makes Announcement—England Cuts "Paper Program," This Country Doing Actual Construction, Experts Say.

LONDON, Nov. 18 (United Press).—Great Britain has ordered immediate cessation of construction work on the four super-Hood battleships.

An official statement was issued to the effect that this move was Britain's "first step to prove she is desirous of disarming in accordance with the Hughes programme." It was learned from reliable sources that the suspension order originated with Lloyd George, who instructed the Admiralty to take action.

Three of the super-Hoods were building at the River Clyde yards and one at Newcastle-on-Tyne. They would have cost between £30,000,000 and £40,000,000. The order was interpreted as being temporary, and that the construction work would be resumed if circumstances should render it necessary. These would have been the first big British ships of post-Jutland construction.

Admiral Sir Percy Scott, the naval expert, characterized the suspension as "a red letter day for the taxpayer," declaring "it will save him a hundred million pounds (at present about \$400,000,000)." He further expressed the belief that the work on the four ships specified would never be resumed.

"The decision is the logical outcome of what is occurring in Washington," declared Admiral Mark Kerr. "There is no use in spending money in building ships if all are to be scrapped."

DENBY SAYS U. S. WILL NOT STOP ITS NAVAL PROGRAM

Work Will Be Carried on Till Action of Arms Conference is Known.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—Secretary of the Navy Denby said to-day, after a meeting of the Cabinet, that construction of the great American battleships and battle cruisers will be carried on until it is determined whether a definite agreement on limiting naval construction can be reached in the conference on limitation of armament.

The general question of suspending work on the construction of great capital ships was thoroughly discussed at the Cabinet session, it was understood from high authority.

There will be absolutely no orders to suspend delay in any part of the construction of America's capital ships, it was learned. Even new orders will be issued by the Navy Department where they are necessary to continue the work on the American programme, it was said.

The principal reason for this policy by the Administration is that it is feared that not only the interests of the United States but the chances of success of the conference itself would be jeopardized should this Government halt its naval programme before a similar agreement can be reached between all the Powers concerned in the conference.

"The British suspension, an American delegate to the conference said, involves largely a 'paper programme,' while suspension by this Government would stop actual construction."

The British, therefore, involve themselves in no such loss by breaking of contracts as would be caused by an American suspension, it was declared.

A demand that President Harding immediately stop America's big naval construction programme came from Congress within an hour after the announcement by the British Admiralty that it had suspended the proposed building of four new super-Hoods.

"The British Admiralty's action is a test of the good faith of the United States in proposing the scrapping